

### **WELCOME & OVERVIEW**

### **AUD Module Instructors**



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# Welcome back!



### **Overview**

### **Module RECAP**

Month 1: March 25, 2019 Workshop | Audience: An Introduction

Month 2: April 29, 2019 Skills Lab | Marketing Plan

Month 3: May 2019 Mentor Site Visits & Work on Your Individual Projects

Month 4: June 24, 2019 Workshop | Public Relations

### **TODAY'S Goals & Activities**

Solidify ideas about how to build new audiences and maintain them through targeted marketing, positive relationships, and visitor experiences

- Homework Reporting Out: Institutional Identity & Of/By/For/All Assessment
- Museum Visitor Personas
- Communication Channels & Tactics
- Community Relations
- Building New Audiences
- · Visitor Services & Experience

### **StEPs AUD Standards**

- 1) The institution identifies current and potential audiences it serves, and makes appropriate decisions in how it serves them.
- 2) Regardless of its self-identified communities, the institution strives to be a good neighborin its geographic area.
- 3) The institution demonstrates a commitment to providing the public with physical and intellectual access to the institution and its resources.
- 4) The institution regularly promotes the institution and its activities and thinks strategically about how it shares information.
- 5) The institution is committed to providing a high level of basic visitor services and makes continued improvements in the delivery of those services.

### **GROUND RULES**



- Responsible for your own learning
- Respect confidentiality of the room
- Honor time limits
- Honor other people when speaking
- Cell phones be cool
- Typos are okay

### HOMEWORK REPORTING OUT

### **REMEMBER YOUR ASSIGNMENT?**



### \*\*\*\* INSTITUTIONAL IDENTITY EXERCISE

Develop your **Brand Statement Organizational Analysis** as a first step to building a marketing plan by asking a **museum insider** (staffer not here today) and a **museum outsider** (visitor or friend) to complete the questionnaire.

### **QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION**

- How did others' responses confirm or challenge your description of your museum and its henefits?
- Who are your most important audiences and what are some ways your museum meets their needs?

GETTING PERSONAL: Creating Personas for Museum Visitors

### **Understanding Your Audience**

## Remember Your 5 Critically Important Audiences?

- What are their barriers to entry?
- How do they spend their time?
- What is their demographic / psychographic profile?
- How do they receive information?



...Dig in deep to get to know them

### **Getting Personal with Personas**

Personas are fictitious characters created to embody specific key characteristics of target visitor. Personas allow you to package visitor information to help develop programs, marketing, and guest services. A design method to help:

- Make assumptions and knowledge about visitors explicit and thereby give your team a common language with which to talk meaningfully about visitors.
- Allow you to focus on and design for a small set of specific visitors who are different from staff or team members.
- Build empathy toward visitors in a way that data sets and reports cannot accomplish.

...A persona is a composite profile of a person based on real people who visit your museum.



# HANDS-ON ACTIVITY #1 MUSEUM VISITOR PERSONAS 1) Break into your museum groups. 2) Complete worksheets for two different critical audience members (30 minutes): \*\* Based on audiences you identified in Month 2 workshop \*\* Use the templates, magazines, other supplies to create individual personas \*\* Use the templates, magazines, other supplies to create individual personas 3) Share your personas – and what you learned by creating them – with the group! (15 minutes)

# MORNING BREAK – 15 minutes

START	SPREADING	THE	<b>NEWS</b>
Metho	ds & Tools		

### **How to Reach Your Audience**

Once you know who your audience is, what matters to them, and where they get their information, you can identify appropriate communications channels to message how your museum's offerings and how those meet the audience's needs.

- Examples: Moms > rainy day destination for kids; teachers > field trips, tours, curriculum support; tourists > broaden/deepen your experience of the destination by exploring its history.
- Just as you create exhibits and programs with particular audiences in mind, your marketing should be tailored to those audiences too.
- Repetition & frequency are important.
  - Potential visitor gets an e-mail, sees it in social media feed, sees a flier at a local coffee shop, hears a friend talking about it.
     "it's everywhere — I should pay attention."

### What Are the Options?



- Advertising / paid media: \$\$\$, digital ads / sponsored content
- Media relations / earned media: Costs TIME, need good contacts, know media outlets / audiences / kinds of stories that will interest them
- Print materials: Relatively inexpensive, meets your audience where they live, work, play — brochure / rack card
- Website: Essential, 24-7 "owned media" channel, where visitors look first, think of as your "digital brochure"
- E-mail: Most effective digital tool as a direct, fast way to reach audience that is targetable, trackable, affordable
- Social media: Increase name recognition, maintain contact with supporters, reach new audiences, share benefits, establish expertise, two-way conversation
- Other online communications: Google Business, calendars
- Face-to-face communications: Speeches, presentations, tabling

Sources: Small Museum Toolkit: Museum Marketing & Strategy, and Marketing on a Shoestring Budget: Guide for Small Museums and Historic Sites

### You're Already Doing It

- · What marketing methods & tools have you used?
- · What were you promoting?
  - o A specific exhibit / program or broader museum impact?
- What worked?
  - o For instance, did a press release or pitch to a reporter result in a story?
- COMMUNICATIONS AUDIT can help determine what's working, what isn't, and where you might reallocate your efforts and resources:
  - o List all marketing efforts, target audience, goals set, results achieved.
  - o Review all materials to ensure consistency in brand messaging.

HANDOUT | Do-It-Yourself Communications Audit Template

### **Your Website: First Impression**

### Start with:

- Key info: location, hours, admission, contacts (phone & e-mail)
- Benefits, offerings, calls to action, keywords to attract target audiences
- Images
- Be mobile friendly 72.6% of Internet users will access the web solely via their smartphones by 2025 (currently about 51%)

### Add:

- Ability to collect user information through web form
- Ability to add social media links
- Option to donate and register for programs online
- Ability to add Google Analytics
- Blo

### Affordable platforms to consider:

Weebly, Wix, WordPress, Squarespace

ources: Marketing on a Shoestring Budget and World Advertising Research Center (WARC) January 2019 repo





### **E-Newsletter: Essential Tool**

- Reaches members, supporters, visitors, media—can segment
- · Creates regular communication and keeps them informed
- Helps drive traffic to website
- Steps to get started:
  - Build a Contacts List: Gather e-mail addresses at front desk, public events, etc.; create web option to sign up; encourage through social media
  - 2) Create Content: Identify your message & priorities; be concise; add a call to action (click through to the website, like the museum on Facebook, send a donation, come to an event, call their legislator to support a funding bill for museum services); use images; subject lines; model on e-newsletters you like
  - 3) Determine Schedule: Consistent, test best times and days
  - 4) Analyze Results: Open rates, clicks on links; use what you learn
- Affordable platforms to consider:

MailChimp, ReachMail, Mailigen, Constant Contact, Active Campaign

Source: Small Museum Toolkit and Third Sun presentation at Mountain West Arts Conference 2018

### Plan an E-Mail Campaign

Use the E-mail Campaign Template to map out your strategy and schedule for regular e-mail communications with visitors and stakeholders.



**HANDOUT** | Third Sun Communications - Email Campaign Worksheet

### **Reach Audiences with Facebook**



- 69% of US adults use Facebook (unchanged since 2016)
- 73% of them visit at least once a day
- 95% of adults aged 18-29 expect a business to have a Facebook page

### What You Need

- Page vs. Group
- Cover photo, about paragraph, contact information
- EVENTS: invite guests, tag partners, ask to co-host
- Boosted posts and paid ads targeting
- Content: info relevant to followers, from other quality sources, giveaways, behind-the-scenes, interviews with featured presenters
- Schedule
- Listen and respond

Sources: Marketing on a Shoestring and Pew Research Center https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2019/05/16/facts-about-americans-and-facebook/

### What About YouTube & Instagram?

- YouTube most popular—73% of U.S. adults use it All-video platform
- Tube
- · Instagram third most popular
  - o 37% of U.S. adults use it
  - o 67% of 18- to 24-year-olds use it
  - Highly visual
  - Less promotional
  - Tagging and hashtagging helps you find audience o Influencers phenomenon—advocates, Mommy bloggers, enthusiasts
- Instagram
- · Start with Facebook and move on to another platform as resources allow

### WANT TO DIVE DEEPER?

Minnesota Historical Society offers strategy worksheets & guidelines for web, blog, and social media at https://www.museumsandtheweb.com/blog/myotus/social\_mediaweb\_guidelines\_and\_strategy\_workshee

<b>Get to Know Google Business</b>				
Amount Service	Google Knowledge Panel			
I History Museum of Utah    President   President	<ul> <li>Likely gets more traffic than your own website</li> </ul>			
MAY ) DOUBTE History Museum of Otah is a museum located in Salt Lake link Dates. The museum shows exhibits of restail framey has emphase or links and the internousland Missa. The	<ul> <li>Presents everything Google knows about your business</li> </ul>			

Info gets used many different places

 Start by registering your museum on Google with Google My Business (https://www.google.com/business/)

Optimize Your Goog	le	Listing
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- Make sure you've claimed your business.
- Search at <u>business.google.com</u> or edit from Knowledge Panel (click on "Own this business?").
- Make sure basic info is complete and up to date.
- Make sure info is consistent with your website and social media.
- Add photos and keep them updated. Listings with quality photos are twice as likely to engage customers.
- Add social media URLs under website link.
- Respond to customer reviews:
  - Mention your name, location, and new features to positive reviews.
  - Don't mention name and location in negative reviews (to keep it from showing up higher in search results).
- Make a post (free). Special offers. Drive viewers to website.
- Check in once a month.

Questions & ansi See of questions (23)

### **Reality Check: The Checklist**



### ${\bf Pick\ one\ activity\ that's\ most\ helpful-low-hanging\ fruit!}$

- Create a simple print piece.
- Create a simple web presence. Review current website, update it, make a plan for keeping it updated (assign someone to that task).
- Create a Facebook page, invite people to like it, create events for upcoming programs.
- Start collecting e-mail addresses and research e-mail marketing platforms to find an affordable one, develop a plan for a monthly e-mail to your contacts, or consider segmenting your existing list.
- · Claim and update your Google Business profile.
- Develop a list of media contacts and develop a plan for regular contact.
- Start with a communications audit. Look at what you've done over the
  past year. Do your materials communicate a consistent brand identity?
  What's worked and what hasn't? What else might help you reach your
  target audiences? Use that to create a plan for next steps.

### **Measuring Success**

### **Evaluate your tactics:**

 Track and report the ways in which your marketing efforts created measurable results: in media exposure, higher attendance, increased member / donor numbers, etc.

### These will help you:

- See what's working and what's not.
- Help your governing authority, board, and other stakeholders see the value of your marketing efforts.



# HANDS-ON ACTIVITY #2 COMMUNICATION STRATEGY



- 1) Break into your museum groups.
- Using your three to five top audience segments, match each audience with a small list of potential methods/channels (or tools/tactics) that you could use to reach them and carry out your communication strategies (10 minutes).
- 3) Group discussion (10 minutes).

### LUNCH BREAK - 60 minutes



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HOMEWORK UPDATE 2.0: Of/By/For/All Self-Assessment

### **REMEMBER YOUR ASSIGNMENT?**



### Of/By/For/All SELF-ASSESSMENT

Complete the free, confidential **OF/BY/FOR ALL organizational self-assessment** (10 minutes) to help identify your strengths and weaknesses in being OF, BY, and FOR your community. They will send you a report.



WHAT DID YOU LEARN?

COMMUNITY RELATIONS & BUILDING NEW AUDIENCES

### **Community Relations**

The various methods organizations use to establish and maintain a mutually beneficial relationship with the communities in which they operate.



### **Successful Partnerships**

- Can extend your reach and resources
- Can attract new patrons
- Can increase awareness and recognition



### **Being a Good Neighbor**

Community relations is about being a good neighbor, cultivating relationships and trust within the community, and leveraging those relationships to create advocates.

- Be responsive to concerns
- · Collaborate and partner
- Serve community needs



Sources: Kotler, Museum Marketina and Strateav and Small Museum Toolkit

### **CASE STUDY: Kirtland Temple**



Source: Small Museums Toolkit

### Background

- Small historic site in Kirtland, Ohio, with limited resources.
- First temple built by Joseph Smith's followers, National Historic Landmark for its religious and architectural significance.
- Hosts tens of thousands of international visitors, but locals mostly ignored it. Temple didn't value or build local ties.

### **Challenge**

- In 1989, a local murder by a cult leader with LDS ties cast the temple in a negative light. Temple went from being ignored to being stigmatized.
- Leaders planned community-wide service at temple to de-mystify beliefs and counter false assumptions.



Photo 3.2. Annual Community Service: The annual service, held in the Kirtland Temple, began over twenty sap as a compassionate response to a community tragedy and is led by the city's civic and religious leaders. (Courtesy of Barbara Walden)

Source: Small Museums Toolkit

### Opportunity

- Kirtland's leadership recognized potential to turn stigmatized temple into a symbol of strength and unity.
- No immediate benefit—but connecting with community personalized site.
- Staff's perception of community & museum's inactive involvement locally changed dramatically—over two decades, temple staff built strong ties.
- Annual and monthly events.
- Staff members joined local Kiwanis & helped fundraise for new library.
- City officials, county politicians, neighbors began requesting tours and asking temple staff to give talks.
- Once a symbol of a tragic event, the Kirtland Temple is now perceived by local residents as a treasured historic icon and place for open dialogue.
- Local tragedy & PR fiasco > opportunity to unite community at minimal cost.

### Steps They Took

- 1) Opened dialogue with neighbors.
- 2) Took an active role in local civic organizations.
- 3) Offered museum resources to meet community needs.

### What You Can Do: Some Ideas

- Identify local community / opinion leaders, as well as local government leaders & build relationships through regular contact.
- Arrange museum open houses and tours for those community leaders.
- Be active in other local organizations.
- Make museum facilities available for community events.
- Participate in community festivals and other established events.
- Tie exhibitions and events to important anniversaries and holidays.
- Engage community in exhibition making, utilize community expertise.
- Partner with other community talent and expertise to enliven / broaden interest in exhibits through visual art, dance, music, etc.
- Offer outreach educational programs at schools, libraries, state parks, etc.
- Participate in existing advocacy efforts and government relations / lobbying that benefit Utah museums — Utah Museums Association, UA&M Office of Museum Services, Utah Cultural Alliance, Utah Humanities.

**HANDOUT** | Community Relations: What You Could Do (a Few Ideas)

### **HANDS-ON ACTIVITY #3**

### **COMMUNITY RELATIONS**



- 1) Break into your museum groups.
- 2) Answer the questions on your handout about how well you know and serve your community (10 minutes).
- 3) Group Discussion (10 minutes)

What are you already doing & how can you leverage that to work smarter not harder?

### Members, Friends & Advocates

### **Getting People Involved**

### Friends or Member Group Involving regular visitors and

supporters on a deeper level. Helps museum:

- 1) Raise funds
- 2) Find volunteers
- **Build audience**
- 4) Make content relevant
- Secure support and mediation when conflicts arise

### **Advocacy Group**

Should reflect all elements of your community. Diverse voices can help your museum:

- Speak to and reach different audiences
- Ensure cultural sensitivity
- Ensure relevant program development
- Help with evaluation

### **Starting a Member Program**

- Begin with prospects you know and exhaust in-house sources of contacts: past board members, volunteers, staff members, their friends and associates, researchers, collections donors, visitors, and vendors.
- Collect contact info of people & businesses interested in your museum.
- Use your visitor log.
- Make personal solicitations at the admissions desk and special events.
- Promote gift memberships.
- $Feature \, on \, your \, website, in \, e\text{-}new sletters, other \, \textbf{promotional materials}.$
- Determine the tangible benefits you'll offer that fit your audience's desires and your organization's culture—free or discounted merchandise or programs, publications, access to places, people, or information.
- Communications with these groups help prepare them to be advocates and ambassadors.



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## Building New Audiences

### The Road to Results

- 10 case studies of arts organizations (museums, opera companies, theater, etc.) undertook audience-building projects for the Wallace Excellence Awards initiative.
- Identifies common keys to success.
- Organizations identified a challenge related to audience, conducted research to learn more about prospective new audiences, and made changes in programs and communications based on what they learned.
- Remained true to their missions.
- Important to think about because audiences for cultural attractions are changing as are the state's demographics. We can't continue to just do what we've always done if we want to stay relevant and viable.
- Two examples although not history museums offer relevant case studies from which we can draw ideas for our own next steps.

Source: Bob Harlow, The Road to Results: Effective Practices for Building Arts Audiences (Wallace Studies in Building Arts Audiences

## CASE STUDY: Attracting Families

### The Contemporary Jewish Museum

### Challenge / Opportunity

- Moved to larger space and felt pressure to fill.
- Decided to broaden and diversify by attracting more families.

### Steps They Took

- 1) Developed family-friendly exhibits, tours, activities
- 2) Created marketing materials targeted to families.
- 3) Offered free admission for children.
- 4) Partnered with preschools (teachers, students, parents) & public library.

### Outcome

 In 4 years, family attendance grew from 1,300 to 22,000 a year – onethird from underrepresented demographics.

# CASE STUDY: Reaching Immigrants Fleisher Art Memorial

### Challenge/Opportunity

 Demographic changes in neighborhood. Hoped to attract newly arrived immigrants to onsite programs to fulfill mission.

### Steps They Took

- 1) Built on existing community relationships (offsite classes).
- Focus groups > learned immigrants felt they wouldn't "fit in."
- 3) Outreach to community through mobile studio, presence at festivals, schools, and other activities in the neighborhood.
- 4) Met people in familiar settings, explained and demonstrated activities available, prepared museum to be welcoming.
- Trained staff in working with multiethnic populations.
- 6) Offered bilingual drawing class when many have the night off.

### Outcome

- Enrollment of neighborhood children grew 50% in four years.
- Ongoing work: gradually building a sense of familiarity with neighborhood residents that leads them to feel comfortable with the organization and visit.



### What You Can Do: First Steps

- 1) Identify audiences to whom you have something to offer (existing relationships, past experience, audience research)
- 2) Identify barriers (logistical, perceptual) to overcome
- 3) Research, listen, respond
- 4) Offer multiple ways in gateway & introductory experiences

### THIS IS A LONG-TERM PROCESS

Trying to achieve dedicated attendance by group with no previous market awareness, asking potential visitors to develop new habits

### Discussion

- ☐ How could you use these strategies to build on or start a new effort of your own?
- ☐ Which new audiences do you have something to offer? Native Americans, immigrants, Latinos, teens, etc.
- ☐ What are the barriers likely to be and how could you address them?

### AFTERNOON BREAK - 15 minutes



GUEST SERVICES & THE VISITOR EXPERIENCE

### **Guest Services & Visitor Experience**

- The importance of providing a positive visitor experience cannot be overstated!
- It costs 5X more to attract a new visitor than to keep one you already have.
- People will tell an average of 10 others about problems, but only 1/27 will take their complaint to the source of the problem.
- Google reviews last forever!



Source: Weaver, Stephanie, Creating Great Visitor Experiences: A Guidebook for Museums, Parks, Zoos, Gardens and Libraries, Left Coast Press, 2007.

### **Eight Steps to Great Visitor Experiences**

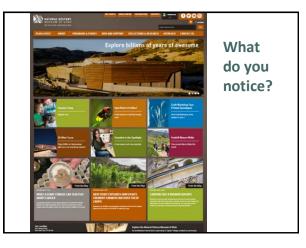
- 1. Invitation
- 2. Welcome
- 3. Orientation
- 4. Comfort
- 5. Communication
- 6. Sensation
- 7. Common sense
- 8. Finale



### Step #1: Invitation

The invitation begins when a potential visitor says, "Let's do something today." It ends when he arrives in your parking lot and spies your front door.

- Your website (hours, directions, phone number or reliable contact?)
- b) Your voicemail message (does it sound friendly?)
- c) Branding more than just logos
- d) Marketing inviting, consistent, clear, representative of your site
- e) Parking, signage
- f) Clean and litter/clutter free



### Step #2: Welcome

The welcome step begins at your entrance and ends when the visitor has had contact with someone who works for you.

- a) Smiles make an impression
- b) Passion and positive attitude are free
- c) Respect, pay attention to, and take care of your staff



# Colleen Dilenschneider, Know Your Own Bone Blog, Video [2:26] https://www.colleendilen.com/2017/02/22/data-reveals-the-worst-thing-about-visiting-cultural-organizations/

### **Step #3: Orientation**

When the visitor moves away from your greeter, the orientation step begins. It ends when she decides what to do first.

- a) Transition zone
- b) Right hand bias
- c) Maps and wayfinding



### Step #4: Comfort

The comforts step is found throughout your site. It's designed into permanent structures, built-ins, exhibitions or displays, and signs.

- a) Seating
- b) Restrooms
- c) Food
- d) "Mind Comfort"
- e) Cleanliness
- f) Safety
- g) Comfort supports learning



### **Step #5: Communication**

Everything you convey in written or spoken words is included in the communication step.

- a) Themes, big ideas
- b) Tone and voice
- c) Signs
  - o fonts
  - o bilingual?
- d) Clear, consistent, intentional verbal communication from staff



### Step #6: Sensation

When you are designing your experience, or setting up visitors' interaction with staff, always remember to ask, "Is it fun?" "Does it engage all five senses?" and "Is it unexpected?"

- a) Excite the eyes
  - Use lighting creatively
  - Create interesting sight lines
- b) Excite the ears
  - What does your brand sound like?



- c) Excite the nose
  - or at least don't offend it!



### **Step #7: Common Sense**

The common sense step provides smarter, more logical, more efficient ways to run your operation. Use visitor studies, apply trends, realign your mission if necessary, and collaborate with like-minded organizations.

- a) Your front-line staff know a lot about your visitors
- b) Keep up with trends
  - Newsletters from professional orgs (e.g., AASLH!)
  - AAM *Museum* magazine
  - Know Your Own Bone
  - o Nina Simon's Museums 2.0 Blog
- c) Visitor studies two-way communication!
- d) Community partnerships

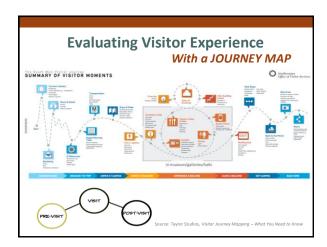


### Step #8: Finale

The finale is everything a visitor leaves with, both tangible and intangible.

- a) Think of the experience of having a beginning, a middle and an end (both interpretation and experience-wise)
- b) Souvenirs / Memorabilia
- c) A chance for visitors to leave their mark





### **Journey Mapping**

Tool used to track a visitor's path and perspective through an entire experience from start to finish

- Large scale = for an entire museum visit
- Medium scale = through an exhibition
- Small scale = through a specific interactive

### **Benefits**

- Gain the perspective of your visitor
- Reveals what you are doing well and areas to improve
- Creates a shared vision among staff

**Resources** = Taylor Studios and AASLH's "FSA Tips: Visitor Services Beyond the Front Desk" (see links on Resources page)

### **HANDS-ON ACTIVITY #4**

### JOURNEY MAPPING



- 1) Break into your museum groups
- Choose one of the personas you created this morning and create a journey map for that persona following the handout instructions (20 minutes)
- 3) Group Discussion (10 minutes)

WRAPPING IT UP!	

### **Quick Recap**

### What We Have Covered Today:

- · Personas (tool for marketing & program planning)
- Identifying Methods & Tools to Reach Your Target Audience (what works / checklists )
- Building Positive Relationships to Strengthen Your Organization
- Building New Audiences to Ensure Future Relevance
- Visitor Services & Experience (steps & tools to improve)



### **AUD Module Overview**

### This Module Covered:

- Marketing & public relations
- Community relations
- Audience & visitor research
- · Visitor services



### **AUD Recommended Resources**

Bez, Marianne and Amy Cunningham, Membership Matters: Establishing a Vital Membership Program in Your Museum, AASLH Technical Leaflet #237

Catlin-Legutko, Cinnamon & Klingler, Stacy, Small Museum Toolkit: Museum Marketing, Altamira Press, 2012.

Harlow, Bob, The Road to Results: Effective Practices for Building Arts Audiences, Wallace Studies in Building Arts Audiences, The Wallace Foundation, 2014.

Kotler, Neil G., et.al., Museum Marketing and Strategy, 2nd ed., John Wiley & Sons, 2008.

Lucas, Cindy, "Reaching Teachers: Marketing Museum Education in the Twenty-First Century," AASLH Technical Leaflet #235 (We have this PDF – ask us if you are interested in getting a copy).

Minnesota Historical Society, Strategy worksheets & guidelines for web, blog, and social media at: https://www.museumsandtheweb.com/blog/myotus/social mediaweb guidelines and strategy workshee

Pitel, Deborah, Marketing on a Shoestring Budget: A Guide for Small Museums and Historic Sites, Rowman &

Rooney, Jeannette, "FSA Tips: Visitor Services Beyond the Front Desk," AASLH Blog, August 2018 at: <a href="https://aaslh.org/fsa-tips-visitor-services/">https://aaslh.org/fsa-tips-visitor-services/</a>

Taylor Studios, Visitor Journey Mapping – What You Need to Know at: https://www.taylorstudios.com/visitor-journey-mapping-what-you-need-to-know/

Weaver, Stephanie, Creating Great Visitor Experiences: A Guidebook for Museums, Parks, Zoos, Gardens and

Libraries, Left Coast Press, 2007. Download PDF at: https://www.slideshare.net/sawoco/creating.great-visitor-experiences-a-guidebook-for-museums-parks-zoos-gardens-and-libraries-pdf-110063325

### **COLL Module Forecast**

### **COLLECTION Module Covers:**

- Policies
- Management
- Planning
- Institutional archives
- Collections care & preventive conservation
- Conservation treatment & documentation
- Research & public access
- Emergency preparedness



### **AUD & COLL Self-Assessments**

- · Self-assessment tool in your Google spreadsheet
  - Separate tab for each of the six modules
  - A column for filling out your status pre- and post-module
  - Space at bottom of each tab to indicate what projects undertaken for each module and date completed
- Individual links you have your own spreadsheet
  - ✓ Jennifer has sent your link to you and your mentor
  - ✓ Ask for help if needed please

DUE DATE: AUD post-module completed by July 28 DUE DATE: COLL pre-module completed by July 15

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The second second		Pre-Module Assessment Date:	The future		Post-Mod Assessment Di
Self-assessment Questions	Performance indicators	PEE-MODULE Assessment Meet Indicators? (Y/N)	Notes	Project Work Undertaken to Address Geps (see below for exemples)	POST-MODULE Assessm Meet Indicators?
A. Does the institution actively collect information about current and patential visitors?	Basic The institution collects basic numeric information about current visitors (e.g., overall attendance, heaviest attendance days, visitor groups, etc.).	Y	Please put notes on how you are meeting these indicators. If it is referenced in sections below, say that.		
	Good: The institution collects demographic information about current visitors (e.g., age range, cip code, school grade levels, etc.). It analyzes visitor information to determine trends and patterns in visitation (e.g., seasonal) and in interest (e.g., most popular programs).	Y	How is this a yes? How is this a yes?	Currenter or fature projects  Current or fature projects	
	The institution has identified the audiences  The institution has identified the audiences  (families, special-subject buffs, elementary school- age children, etc.) it feels it can best sorve, and  potential subferies it is currently underserving.  The institution works with other entities, such as the focal chamber of commence and its state  turnion agency, to learn more about current and  consential shipset.	N N	Picase tell as why this is no.	Please address projects that here, other happening or planned, that will help you get to that YES! Name at above	
8. Does the institution regularly evaluate its activities?	Besic	Y			
	ILF-ASSESSMENT IT. The Coolest Mineaus Self-assessment Self-assessment Consiston A. Does the institution conserve order conser	The Cooler Management before the control of the con	The Assessment Tool:   AUDIENCE   The Colord Macrossment Date  Assessment orderment  Assessment orderment  Assessment orderment  Assessment orderment  Assessment orderment  Assessment orderment  The institute orderet have connect orderment  Assessment orderment  The institute orderet have connected orderment  Assessment orderment  The institute have desirated expected orderment  Assessment orderment  The institute has desirated expected orderment  Assessment orderment  The institute orderment  Assessment orderment  The institute orderment  The ins	The Codest Numbers   Company   Codest   Codest	The Codest Numbers   Per Administration   Per Admin

# COLL Module Checklists - Checklists for each Module - For Participants & Mentors to keep track of due dates - For Participants & Mentors to keep track of due dates - Keep track of due dates - Self-assessment due dates - RSVPs - Projects - R



moving parts

	1

### We Got Money for You!

- Project funding for Year 1 projects to assist in achieving Bronze level or higher
- Up to \$1,500
- Application opens July 1 & closes August 30

### Eligibility

- Are a Certified Utah Museum
- All pre- and post-self assessments completed for Year One modules
- Achieved Bronze Level Certificates (or higher) for each StEPs Standards module covered in Year One modules (MVG, MGMT, AUD) or provide evidence in your application that the project for which you seek funding will help you achieve a Bronze level or higher
- ☐ Have sent one to two staff members/volunteers to **attend all program-related activities** for each StEPs-UT module
- ☐ Have followed through with workshop assignments related to your projects
- Have participated in mentor site visits (month 3 of each module) and worked in good faith with mentor

# Project Funding: Online Application Find link at <a href="https://artsandmuseums.utah.gov/steps-ut/">https://artsandmuseums.utah.gov/steps-ut/</a> \*\*\* If the Project of the Project of

### **StEPs-UT Mid-Point Evaluation**

- We want to know how it's going!
- Next week Kari will be contacting the point person from each museum via email to set up a time for a phone call.
- Everyone who has been involved with the program and attending the workshops is invited to take an **online survey**.
- Mentors and administrators will also be contacted and interviewed.



# **AUD | Evaluation Conversation** Who doesn't love a survey!



### Wrap-Up

- StEPs-UT is a partnership between the Utah Division of Arts & Museums, Utah Humanities, and Utah Division of State History, and is supported by funding from the Utah Department of Heritage & Arts, the State of Utah, and the National Endowment for the Humanities.
- Questions? Anything else? Nametags to the basket please.
- Mentor & Mentee Break-out Groups until 5pm.

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